## Poetry As Purification

Prize-winning Israeli poet, with first English translation, revels in the 'secret truth, suddenly revealed.'

Sandee Brawarsky Jewish Week Book Critic the days before statehood, she learned to read and write by copying the first chapter of Psalms many times over. She filled pages with Hebrew letters at the urging of her non-religious father, who taught Bible, history and Jewish studies at a high school. At the age of 8, she began writing poetry, and she has now published nine collections of poetry and is at work on the 10th. The psalms and their rhythms still echo in her work.

The Israeli poet was in New York last month, as the first English translation of her work was published in a bilingual edition, "Night, Morning" (Sheep Meadow Press), with translation by Israeli poet Rachel Tzvia Back and an introduction by American poet David Shapiro. The winner of the President of Israel Prize for Poetry, the Jerusalem Prize for Poetry and the Brenner Prize, Bar-Yosef read at the 92nd Street Y and other venues around the country, in her first American poetry tour.

In an interview over tea, she shares the details of her biography: She was born on a kibbutz near the Sea of Galilee in 1940 to parents who immigrated from Ukraine; they left the kibbutz after her brother was killed in the 1948 War of Independence, and lived in many places around Israel. The only place she feels attached to is Jerusalem, where she has lived for the last



Bar-Yosef, who the winner of the President of Israel Prize for Poetry and the Jerusalem Prize for Poetry, read in New York last month as part of her first American poetry tour.

artist's work while they are only external facts. leading, that certain facts can be misunderstood as keys to an As suc speaks, sue also points out that biography can be mis-

is achieved," she says, "you've done it." can find connections to their own lives in her poems. "If this altogether different, who don't share biographical details, She's interested when people from backgrounds that are

her earliest poems were a way for her to speak to her dead ment, inner strength and the passage of time. She says that poems, as she often writes of loss, trauma and bereaveher youngest son at the age of 16 are both reflected in her The loss of her only brother in 1948, and the suicide of

call to my brother/who will hear me who," she writes in the shrieked like a train without any lights/on no tracks in a last lines of "My Brother's Funeral." forest of cries/crashing into screams and I/scream too. If I "Hundreds of owls with black glasses on their eyes/

to "convey to the reader For Bar-Yosef, poetry is not a confession, but she wants

a secret truth which I have suddenly re-

builds inner equilibrium." "It's purifying, it reresistance," she says, neither insistence nor "Writing poetry is

smells. Her poetry is dry crickets, black goats, filled with images of of the body, foods and is concrete, as she writes forms, and her imagery She likes classical

> At four thirty in the afternoon even the tree how much more so people in need of love

(Courtesy of Sheep Meadow Press)

Don't leave me to grow dark

Hurry, enfold me in your step-wings, reaching toward any passing cloud:

with the sunset.

stretching its branches with all its might

ready to embrace any strange adopting arm,

stretches itself, like a child at daycare whose parents are late,

At four thirty in the afternoon even the tree

some convey short stories, others tell of troubled love. days and the Bible is evident. The poems capture moments: deep knowledge of Hebrew prayer, ritual, the cycle of holiers/were pictures in books/and uncles were all refugees." Her yellow and red spices, a "heavy kitchen table,/more old than new" and a time "back when grandfathers and grandmoth-

in secret." the rich merchant's son/who gives away his entire inheritance sun "more generous than rain on boulders,/more generous than has arrived," she describes the arrival of the morning light, the In a poem from the title collection, "Here is it morning, it

and to my mind the most reliable achievement of Zionism." Goldberg. She says that Israeli literature is "a very brilliant Bible, then the Israeli poets Hayim Nahman Bialik and Leah Among the influences on her poetry, she cites first the

in the air that you breathe, they fix the time, they are in the avoid Jewish tradition and ancient Jewish texts. They are "I am a non-religious Israeli, but in Israel you cannot

names of the streets,"

on facing pages. and the original Hebrew edition, with English is actually a bilingual publication of her work that this first English She's very pleased

always wants to have says, noting that she of the language," she music and playfulness can experience the even a bit of Hebrew "Whoever reads At Four Thirty in the Afternoon she says.

some sort of music in a

poem, "even if it is anti-music."

Bar-Yosef, who has translated the poetry of others from English, French and Russian into Hebrew, notes, "Some say that poetry is what gets lost in translation. If everything gets lost in translation, then something is wrong with the poem or the story." She questions the achievements of those writers whose work is based solely on language and style.

She has been a professor of Hebrew literature at Ben-Gurion University, and has been a visiting professor in Paris, Moscow and New York. Her poems have been translated into English, French, German, Russian, Ukrainian, Arabic and Yiddish. In addition to poetry, she has published six works of literary research, a number to fished six works and a children's book. Her scholarship includes work on the Russian context of Jewish literature and mysticism in Modern Hebrew.

"Time is the key for the possibility of creating poetry," she says. "Poems are more likely to come to me when I have time to reflect." In walking around New York City, she's been thinking about how it's possible to come to know and understand a new place over time, and that may be the basis of a new poem.



"Writing poetry is neither nor resistance," Bar-Yosef says. "It's purifying, it rebuilds inner equilibrium."